

# The Hartford Republican.

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DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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No. 27

## BROWDER MAKES REPORT FOR 1916

SAYS OHIO COUNTY'S RESOURCES EQUAL, IF NOT SUPERIOR, TO ANY IN STATE.

## HAS MADE GOOD AGENT

Travelled 4,800 Miles, Addressed 2,500 People and Held 2,700 Personal Consultations.

County Agent W. W. Browder, Wednesday submitted his report to the Ohio Fiscal Court for the year 1916, as follows:

Hon. J. B. Wilson, County Judge, and Members of Fiscal Court of Ohio County:

Gentlemen:—The year of 1916 having passed into history, it behoves us to retrospect a little and see where we have failed and where made good, and with that end in view, I wish to lay before you in a brief way, the work I have done.

As I have stated to you before, my aim in this work has been and still is a better citizenship, which is produced by better education and better religious training. I have a strong desire to see every farmer and every business man free from the worries of poverty and debt, and to this end I am striving as best I can.

With that in view, I feel that my work with you is to assist you in reclaiming your badly worn soils and to help you in a better and more economical method of cultivation, thereby producing a greater income with less investment, that in so doing you will make the country a more beautiful place to live and the more desirable, and you stronger in building up agriculture and cultural life.

The seasons of the year have not all been what we desire, nor do we often get that. We had an extremely wet cool spring and early summer, with all of its draw backs, and yet with this we have no reason to complain, for we had a bountiful corn, tobacco and hay crop.

We are beginning to see an improvement in a number of things and feel that a brighter day is dawning on our people. We had an extremely dry late summer and fall that kept us from getting all the wheat and clover sowed we would have liked, but these are doing as well as could be expected.

We have vast resources in the county equal if not superior to any in the State and when we fully awaken to the possibilities in the country, we will have one of the best in the State.

I have traveled in your county since January 1st, 1916, 370 miles by team, and have traveled 1,320 miles by rail in the work; have addressed 2,500 people in 20 public meetings. We have eight parishes in the county, which we are visiting and trying to help them solve the problems of life and hope to see a club in every community. I have made 675 personal visits to our people through the county, besides 146 to boys in the club work, making over 800 visits in all since January 1st, 1916. Have distributed 1,045 bulletins and have written 321 official letters pertaining to the work. I have held 2,700 consultations relative to the work. Have vaccinated 207 hogs in 41 different herds against cholera. I have buried 200 acres in 29 different orchards, getting people started to pruning who have never pruned before. Have assisted in spraying and hope to see many more at it by another year. We have had demonstrations in Clinton, Iredell and Sweet clover down in August, and also Alfalfa down in August, which have done well and stand beyond a doubt that there are all the signs where we make the right preparation for them, and help us to restore our land and fill our barns andatten our stock.

We have also demonstrations in Sudan grass, showing what a wonderful amount of feed can be produced in a short while on a small amount of ground. We also have demonstrations in ground limestone, showing some wonderful results in clover and wheat in connection with acid phosphate. Also nitrate of soda, showing a wonderful increase in hay.

and we want to try some of this on small wheat in the spring. Demonstrations on corn and wheat, showing the wonderful effects of acid phosphate colour soils with these crops, also demonstrations in oats and barley. Demonstrations in cattle and hog feeding, showing the necessity of a balanced ration for feeding our stock, that to make gains and cheapen on the cost of production.

We have assisted our farmers in purchasing the right kind of fertilizer much less cost than they have been heretofore paying for them, saving them many dollars, have also assisted them in the sale of their corn at hay. We have encouraged the holding of silos to the extent that we have increased the number now in the county to twenty-two, and soon this on they will grow much larger.

We have encouraged better poultry houses to such an extent that you find modern up-to-date poultry houses in every section of the county, and also better feeding of the poultry to secure more eggs for the same costs.

We are encouraging more stock of all kinds and are getting some full blood herds of cattle and hogs starting in the county, both of cattle and hogs, and we are finding a big improvement along this line. We are encouraging better barns and better care of the manure and better applications of it, by using a spreader with it to get better results. We are getting better sanitary conditions with the stock and taking better care of them, making a better living by so doing.

We have gotten a number of full blood cattle and hogs shipped into the county to improve our stock and hope in the near future to standardize our cattle and make Ohio county noted for one breed of cattle and help in the sale of our cattle by so doing.

We have also had two boys clubs in the county, one a corn club and the other a grain club, both of which did exceedingly well, as you all know. We hope to have these much larger another year. With the assistance of each of you, which I sincerely ask in behalf of the future of this county, that we may make a citizenship out of these boys that we will all be proud of.

There are a great many things I would like to have in this report, but I do not wish to make it too long and tiresome to you. There are many more things to be done that will help build up this county and make it a better county in every way, and in order to accomplish as much as possible, I wish to ask the assistance at all times of each and every citizen in the county, for I need it badly and in a few years time you will see a new county, a better county, a more highly educated people and better conditions in every way. By doing all we can and assisting every progressive move, we can make Ohio county one of the best in the State.

Thanking you for your past cooperation and assistance, and the kind hospitality you have shown me, I am, Most cordially yours,

W. W. BROWDER,  
County Agent, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

### KERN ALVEY FOUND DEAD IN CORN Crib

The following article, taken from the Owsboro Messenger of Wednesday regarding the death of Kern Alvey, will be of interest in this country as Mr. Alvey lived in Hartford several years. He formerly operated the Hartford-Owsboro stage line and was well known here.

Kern Alvey, a prominent farmer of the Laffoon neighborhood, was found dead in his corncrib late Friday night, by his wife. Heart failure was given as the cause of his death, after an examination by Dr. Shultz, of Pleasant Ridge and Dr. Kirk, of Philpot.

Following his usual custom, Alvey went to his barn to do the evening chores, and remaining longer than usual, his wife ran one of the children to look for him. The child returned a few minutes and told his mother that his father was asleep in the crib. Mrs. Alvey went quickly to the crib and discovered her husband was dead. Physicians were summoned immediately.

Besides his wife Alvey leaves four children. He was thirty-three years of age. Funeral services will be held at 11 o'clock this morning.

### BREAD



Cesare in New York Evening Post.

## TOBACCO BUYERS SUE FOR DAMAGE

42 SUITS RANGING FROM \$100 TO \$500 FILED IN OHIO CIRCUIT COURT.

### PREPARING A PETITION

Buyers to Ask Enormous Sum From Other Buyers for Alleged Intermeddling.

Barnes & Smith, representing the Ross-Vaughn Tobacco Company, and Woodward & Kirk, acting for J. B. Westerfield, have filed forty-two damage suits with Circuit Clerk A. C. Porter against tobacco growers of Ohio, Daviess and McLean counties for alleged contract breaking. The buyers concerned claim to have legally bought the defendant's tobacco and state in their petition that the tobacco has since been sold to other parties the defendants thereby failing to abide by their contracts and causing the plaintiff's damage.

The Ross-Vaughn company and Westerfield bought several thousand pounds of tobacco in this and adjoining counties in the fall before prices had advanced to the present high point.

Some form of written contract was signed by the grower whereby he agreed to deliver to the purchaser at stated prices.

When prices advanced it was temptation to the seller and it is claimed that many of them sold their tobacco elsewhere.

Where deliveries were made the purchasing companies in many instances paid more for the weed than originally promised.

The damage asked by the plaintiffs ranges from \$100 to \$500, depending upon the size of the crop.

The result of these cases will be watched with interest as there has been some question as to whether or not the contracts would be held binding.

The attorneys representing the plaintiffs are confident that the contracts are legal.

**Big Suit To Be Filed.**

The Republican has information that a damage suit involving a large sum of money will be filed by certain tobacco buyers against certain other tobacco buyers today or tomorrow in Ohio Circuit Court wherein the plaintiffs charge intermeddling with contracts.

No names will be given out but from the best information obtainable it seems that the suit is the outgrowth of the alleged broken contracts referred to above.

It is said that the question involved has never been decided by the Kentucky courts and it is certain that the case will be bitterly fought.

For Sale—House and lot in Hartford, Cheap at \$350. Apply at the office.

### AMMUNITION

make recommendations to Congress to cover the situation.

Estimates as to the revenue to be derived by placing tariff duties on virtually everything on the free list are in the committee's hands. From these estimates the committee hopes to evolve a revenue bill which may include a number of the chief articles imported and omit many others.

### Scope of Proposals.

Original proposals under consideration involved placing an additional tariff of from  $\frac{1}{4}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent a pound on sugar and from 3 to 5 per cent of the value of wool, rubber and coffee. Customs officials recommend strongly that the tariff, if imposed, be made specific rather than ad valorem, as the collection of ad valorem tariff brings complexities lacking in the case of specific duties. If specific, a 3 to 5 per cent tariff on wool would amount to from four-fifths of a cent to 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  cents a pound; on rubber approximately from 2 to 3 cents and on coffee from  $\frac{1}{4}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent.

Imports of sugar for the last fiscal year were approximately 5,200,000,000 pounds, valued at \$219,000,000. An increase of  $\frac{1}{4}$  cent a pound would bring in \$12,250,000 additional revenue annually; a  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent increase would net \$24,500,000. On rubber a 3 per cent tariff would net approximately \$3,500,000 annually; 5 per cent, \$5,800,000. On coffee a 3 per cent tariff would net approximately \$4,500,000; 5 per cent \$7,500,000. The proposed tariff on coffee, estimates show, would be the least productive of all, netting approximately \$3,100,000 if 3 per cent and \$5,200,000 if 5 per cent.

No recommendations whatever as to methods of raising revenue have been made. It is said, by Treasury Department officials to the committee and the estimates which have been furnished were chiefly in response to requests of the committee.

### WORLD WAR NEW CRIMES WILL SOON BE STARTED

Washington, Jan. 1.—Officials of the three shipbuilding companies which submitted proposals to construct battle cruisers virtually have reached an agreement with the Navy Department on a form of contract to govern the building of these vessels on a cost and percentage basis. As none of the companies submitted specific cost figures, all four of the cruisers authorized at the last session of Congress, probably will be built at actual cost plus a specified percentage.

Present indications are that the awards will be made early next month, the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, of Quincy, Mass., and the Union Iron Works, of San Francisco, and probably William Cramp & Sons, of Philadelphia getting contracts for one battle cruiser each. Secretary Daniels has determined to equip the Philadelphia navy yard for battle cruiser construction, but that will take more than a year.

The department is facing a perplexing problem in getting the four 35-knot scout cruisers authorized under construction. A contract for one has been awarded to a Seattle company, and bids on the other three have been readvertised, but navy officials have no assurances that they will bring any proposals within the cost limit set by Congress.

### HOPKINS COUNTY MINE TIPPLE IS DESTROYED

Madisonville, Ky., Jan. 1.—The tipple of the Hecla mines at Earlington, owned by the St. Bernard Coal company, was destroyed by fire this morning causing a loss of several thousand dollars. It is not known just how the fire originated, but it is supposed to have caught in the room occupied by the switchman. The mines are about one mile north of Earlington and the fire department was unable to render any assistance.

### She Understood.

Aviator (home from the war on leave)—And then when you are up pretty high—three or four miles, say—and you look down, it's positively sickening. It is stupendous, awful. A great height is a fearful thing. I can tell you.

Lady (feelingly)—Yes, I can sympathize with you, poor boy. I feel just that way myself when I'm on top of a stepladder.—Tiger.

## CARRANZA WILL NOT SIGN PACT

PROTO IS REJECTED BY FIRST CHIEF—ABANDON HOPES FOR SETTLEMENT.

## MAY WITHDRAW TROOPS

Fletcher To Take Up Post In Mexico  
—Ambassador Arredondo Returns.

Washington, Jan. 2.—When the American members of the Mexican-American Joint Commission had finished consideration today of Gen. Carranza's reply, failing to comply with their demand that the protocol providing for withdrawal of the American troops from Mexico be ratified, there were indications that efforts to enter into an agreement with the de facto government, thru the commission, would be abandoned. For the first time an official admission was made that Carranza had refused to sign the protocol. The commissioners said they expected to draft their response to Carranza tomorrow.

The failure of the commission to give Mexican-American relations a brighter aspect was offset somewhat by official intimations that Henry P. Fletcher, confirmed as Ambassador to Mexico almost a year ago, was about to start for his post, where American interests now are represented by a clerk. The report that Gen. Pershing's expedition soon would be withdrawn, regardless of Carranza's attitude, also gained fresh impetus, and it was understood the Administration had this more under serious consideration.

Mr. Fletcher, who had been in Mexico after visiting Cabinet meeting, and later referred inquiries as to whether he would go to Mexico to President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. No statement was forthcoming from the White House on the State Department.

### Summoned To Mexico.

Secretary Baker said no plans for immediate withdrawal of the troops had been considered. It is known, however, that army officers are pressuring strongly for their recall, contending that in their present position they can not do effective work toward protecting the border; that they are in a bad strategic position, and should be brought out and distributed along the border, with plans perfected for sending a force across the line at some more desirable point if the occasion should arise in the future.

Eduardo Arredondo, Mexican Ambassador designate, announced during the day that he had been summoned to Mexico to confer with Gen. Carranza regarding the relations of the two nations. This was construed in some quarters as indicating a determination by Carranza to withdraw his diplomatic representative. Mr. Arredondo stated, however, that he expected to return within a few weeks to resume his duties and the fact that the United States was contemplating sending its Ambassador to Mexico City lent weight to the theory that if Mr. Arredondo was not continued in his position here, another envoy would be sent by Carranza. Mr. Arredondo's family remain in Washington.

### INDIAN BABIES TEST BETTER THAN WHITES

Ashland, Wis., Dec. 30.—That the American Indian is not deteriorating is the deduction made from the examination of Indian babies at the Bad River fair at Odanah recently. Twenty-two Chippewa babies were measured, weighed and given rigid physical tests.

The report of the examiners is that the subjects averaged better than the white babies who were examined at a recent baby show at Ashland.

### MARRIAGE LICENSE ISSUED SINCE OUR LAST REPORT

R. H. Baird, Hartford, R. 7, to Ethel Gay Funk, Hartford, R. 5.  
E. J. Tillford, Beaver Dam, to Ethel Rains, Beaver Dam.  
Barrie Westerfield, Fordsville, R. 1, to Jessie Canary, Magan.  
Irvin Heifner, Heifner, to Ella Loyd, Heifner.

## RESULTS GAINED BY ROUND ROBIN

TEACHES OFFICERS THAT THE GUARDSMEN ON BORDER HAVE SOME RIGHTS.

### PUT FLOORS IN TENTS

EIGHT OHIO MILITIA START MOVEMENT THAT BRINGS BETTER CONDITIONS.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 30.—It took an "uprising" such as disturbed the Eighth Ohio Infantry here to jar army officials out of their smug notion that the American soldier is a mere piece of machinery with no right to do any individual thinking!

The boys of the Eighth not only got everything they demanded, but all other guardsmen in the El Paso military district got the same concessions.

The result of the Eighth's "round robin," making vicious complaint against camp conditions, has been to convince higher ups that unless they cater to the physical comforts of privates and noncommissioned officers, there will eventually be a National Guard with more officers than enlisted men.

**None For Enlisted Men.**  
Officers laid doors in their own tents weeks ago at their own expense. But no provision was made for flooring tents of the enlisted men and when bitterly cold nights came, Nero was suffering.

A graduate of an Ohio university who came to the border voices the feelings of the men in this fashion:

"We enlisted men in the guard can't be bluffed or overawed by the pompous ponderosity of the regular army men who sit in their swivel chairs or lounge in their comfortable homes in El Paso and decide it won't hurt an enlisted man to pitch his cot on the bare ground or stay in a tent that has holes in it."

"We don't claim to be professionals soldiers. We came down here to help out because we thought there was going to be war."

"We're going to have necessary physical comforts or we'll raise hell—that's all. Nine-tenths of the money in being here, but the regular army fellows don't appreciate it."

#### 580 Men Sign Protest.

When 580 enlisted men in the eighth Ohio had the nerve to sign the "round robin," the regular army commanders saw that the guardsmen were not to be trifled with.

Almost, as if by magic, carloads of lumber appeared and army trucks dashed from one regiment to another in the El Paso district unloading material for tent flooring.

The guardsmen from all the States in service here are now fixed for the winter. Each man has a cot, with three heavy army blankets, and plenty of warm clothing. The food is generally conceded to be excellent.

There's another thing the men are insisting on and that is a kindler attitude on the part of officers.

**Won't Go With Guardsmen.**  
The boys on the border "helping out" refuse to get themselves into that mental attitude of subserviency where they'll step off the sidewalk like mudholes so a regular army officer won't get his shoes muddy.

In the regular army, it's possible to exercise power of almost life and death over an enlisted man, but that brand of discipline won't go with the guardsmen.

In fairness to officers in the guard it must be said a majority treat their men as human beings and show "backbone" fellowship toward them.

The "uprising" in the Eighth Ohio is going to have far-reaching effects for the betterment of the whole service.

#### VISITATION MAKES YOU DULL.

That druggy, listless, oppressed feeling generally results from constipation. The intestines are clogged and the blood becomes poisoned. Relieve this condition at once with Dr. King's New Life Pills; this gentle, non-gripping, laxative is nicely effective. A dose at bedtime will make you feel brighter in the morning. Get a bottle to-day at your Druggist, 25c.

#### EIGHT MILLIONS GOLD MINED IN 25 YEARS

New York, Dec. 30.—Eight billion dollars in gold has been mined in the last twenty-five years, against an equal amount in the 400 years preceding, the National City Bank stated to-day.

The gold money of the world has doubled in the last twenty years, while silver money has decreased one-half in the same period. The bank, it was said, was impelled to issue the statement because of the exception-

ally high price of silver, of which the United States was now the largest producer, and the large inflow of gold, of which this country had imported more than \$600,000,000 since the beginning of the year.

"The total world production of gold from the discovery of America to the present time was \$16,500,000,000 in coinage value," the statement said. "The gold money of all countries of the world for which statistics were available in 1896 aggregated \$4,144,000,000, and on January 1, 1916, \$8,258,000,000 silver money of the same countries was in 1896, \$4,247,000,000, and in 1916, \$2,441,000,000. The uncovered paper money of the countries in question was stated in 1896 at \$2,558,000,000, and in 1916 at \$8,583,000,000."

Down at 1885 the world's gold output never reached as much as \$100,000,000 annually; in 1896 it crossed the \$300,000,000 line; in 1903, \$500,000,000, and in 1906, for the first time, exceeded \$100,000,000. It advanced steadily until it reached \$470,000,000 in 1915. Silver production first exceeded \$100,000,000 annually in 1889, and in 1913 exceeded, for the first time, \$200,000,000, making its highest record in 1911, \$252,000,000, and slowly declining to \$232,000,000 in 1915.

#### ILIGERING COUGHS ARE DANGEROUS.

Get rid of that tickling cough that keeps you awake at night and drains your vitality and energy. Dr. King's New Discovery is a pleasant balsam remedy, antiseptic, laxative and promptly effective. It soothes the irritated membrane and kills the cold germs; your cough is soon relieved. Delay is dangerous—get Dr. King's New Discovery at once. For nearly fifty years it has been the favorite remedy for gripe, cramp, coughs and colds. Get a bottle to-day at your Druggist, 50c.

#### RECORD OF CASUALTIES IN WAR TO JAN. 1, 1917

By a careful comparison of statistics from different sources the following are estimated to be the total military casualties of the belligerents to January 1, 1917:

Great Britain	1,400,000
Russia	8,700,000
France	3,800,000
Italy	850,000
Serbia	500,000
Belgium	225,000
Romania	350,000
Other Entente	20,000
Total Entente	15,845,000
Germany	4,500,000
Austria-Hungary	4,250,000
Bulgaria	200,000
Turkey	400,000
Total Central Powers	9,350,000
Grand total	25,195,000

Of these a fourth, or 6,300,000 are dead.

This is a rough approximation. Only Great Britain and Germany give out lists of losses, and the Germans are always many months in arrears. The figures for the British losses are most reliable. The Russian and Austro-Hungarian casualties are known only in a very vague way, but they are certainly enormous.

Berlin recently estimated that losses since June last for all belligerents had been at the rate of a million men a month, or 7,000,000. The casualty rate is certainly rising as the war goes on, because of the larger masses of men and the better weapons involved.

The number of men killed in other wars is as follows: American Civil War, 1,000,000; Crimean, 485,000; Franco-Prussian, 290,000; Spanish-American, 2910; Boer, 12,000; Russo-Japanese, 555,900.

#### VIRGINIA LOSSES HEAVILY THROUGH RYAN'S MOVING

Richmond, Va., Dec. 29.—Thomas Ryan, who has been a legal resident of Virginia since 1905, and who was compelled this year to pay to the State alone more than \$235,000 in taxes on intangible property which had not been subjected to taxation for eleven years, has notified the Commissioner of Revenue of Nelson County that he has transferred his residence to Washington, D. C.

It is estimated the transfer of Mr. Ryan's legal residence will mean an annual loss of \$80,000 in taxes to the State of Virginia and Nelson County, where he located his great country estate.

The collection of the Ryan taxes was an issue in the General Assembly of 1916, and resulted in the enactment of a law allowing the State to assess back taxes to 1903. On May 1, 1916, more than a month before the law went into effect the State Auditor received a check for \$228,974.12 in full payment of back taxes owed to the State by Mr. Ryan. It was the largest single check in payment of State taxes ever received by the Auditor. Mr. Ryan gave no reason for moving his residence.

The gold money of the world has doubled in the last twenty years, while silver money has decreased one-half in the same period. The bank, it was said, was impelled to issue the statement because of the exception-

## DESERTER TELLS OF HARSHIPS OF WAR

### REACHES PARIS, KY., ON WAY TO CHICAGO, WHERE HE SEEKS EMPLOYMENT.

Paris, Ky., Jan. 1.—Deserting from the Russian army, forced to flee from the country to avoid the penalty of death and being on the road to the United States for over two years, during which time he was arrested as a German spy and sent to Siberia, are some of the remarkable experiences of Jacob Stern, of Petrograd, Russia, 20 years old, who arrived in Paris last week to reside with his uncle, Max Munich.

Mr. Stern was forced to join the army when he was 18 years old and was sent to the front. While about two miles from the German lines the German artillery got the range of the train and the officers gave orders for the men to scatter and seek safety.

This was October 22, 1914. One day Stern decided to flee to America.

Young Stern walked to the nearest station and rode thirty miles to another town where he changed his uniform for citizen's clothes.

While there he was arrested as a German spy and confined to jail for six months.

Unwilling to give his real name because he feared he would be put to death as a deserter, Stern was forced to face the charge.

Though sufficient evidence could not be secured against him, he was sent to Siberia to await there the end of the war.

He was forced to walk there, together with a number of convicts, the trip lasting three months.

**GETS 10 CENTS A DAY.**

His story of the hardships a prisoner there has to endure is very striking. He was forced to work outdoors all day and at night was placed in a small room with thirty-four other prisoners. An allowance of 10 cents a day was given him, which was just sufficient to buy a half pound of bread, all the food he received.

In June, 1916, Mr. Stern took "French leave" and made his way to Vladivostok, where he secured a job on a munition-carrying ship, which piled between Russia and Japan. After arriving in Japan the deserter took passage on the steamer Canada Maru, bound for Seattle.

Young Stern is well educated, having graduated from the University of Petrograd with a doctor of medicine degree.

Asked if he thought the Allies would win the European war, he evaded a direct answer, saying that at present the Germans were getting the best of the Russians. The reason he assigned for this is that the Russians haven't sufficient railroads to transport food and supplies to the army.

#### BUTTER FOR \$2.50.

Mr. Stern stalled as he was asked to compare the cost of living in the United States with that in Russia. In that country, he said, the inhabitants were able to get meat only on Saturday and Sunday and then had to pay one dollar per pound. In order to secure meat one has to stand in line for several hours, he declared.

Other things also are high. Sugar costs 80 cents a pound and butter brings \$2.50 per sixteen ounces.

Shoes are "slightly" more expensive than in the United States, costing \$45 a pair. The most ordinary suit of clothes cannot be bought for less than \$75 and is hard to get at that price.

Mr. Stern probably will accept an lucrative position with an engraving company in Chicago which has been offered him.

#### FOUND A SURE THING.

T. B. Wixson, Farmers Mills, N. Y., has used Chamberlain's Tablets for years for disorders of the stomach and liver and says, "Chamberlain's Tablets are the best I have ever used." Obtainable everywhere.

#### MYSTERY TRAILS OF NORTH SWALLOW SCORES OF MEN

Unalaska, Alaska, Dec. 31.—The millions taken out of Alaska in gold, fish and furs are dearly paid for in lives.

It is a land of missing men.

Not a mail comes North that does not plead with the marshals of Alaska to trace men whose trails have suddenly been blotted out. There are literally thousands of such inquiries from all ends of the earth.

Some undoubtedly come to be swallowed up in a land where only the present counts, but many are obliterated by tragedy.

"Old Jimmy" and "Old Tohy," Indians of the Yukon and vicious enough to have distinction in any company of renegades, have accounted for many of these missing adventurers.

They were wholesale murderers,

these two squat, evil natives of Koyukuk and Nulato. They killed, often, for a pack of tea or a sack of flour.

Their way of death was to wait, concealed in the shore brush on the Yukon down which many men have come seeking fortune. The echoes of a rifle shot do not carry far along its lurying waters.

"Old Jimmy" and "Old Tohy" seldom missed a man at less than 200 yards. Their hatches were always filled with plunder—tea and flour and bacon.

That the Yukon did not swallow more of "Old Jimmy's" and "Old Tohy's" secret was due to the courage of a deaf and dumb Indian woman who had once harbored upon two murderers red handed. Held under duress, her lips sealed by threats of death, the woman only recently dared inform officers.

When the two killers were arrested, the effects of many of their victims were found in their possession. One of them is in the penitentiary for life, the other leaped overboard from the boat taking him to trial at Fairbanks, adding his bones to those of his victims in the mud of the Yukon.

Canada has frustrated much tragedy by requiring its Klondyke gold district travelers to register and by keeping tab on them thru the Northwest Mounted Police organization.

Whenever a voyager leaves White Horse for down river he must leave his name, destination and description. The police stations along the route check up on him. If a man doesn't arrive within reasonable time at his crowded destination a search is begun.

In American territory, however, no tracing system is maintained. Men who disappear leave no clues. They are simply blotted out.

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Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold in toppy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidor-and that corking fine pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such clever trim—always!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

## REVIEW OF PRINCIPAL EVENTS OF 1916 SUMMED UP IN PARAGRAPHS

January 7—Blitzes East Youngstown, Ohio; business section destroyed; three killed, 102 injured.

January 9—Federal jury seizes six New Haven Railroad financiers of conspiracy and disagrees on five others after a trial at New York lasting fifty-five days.

January 15—Explosion on United States submarine E-2 at New York Navy Yard kills four and injures ten.

January 25—Reunited prosperity seen when United States Steel Corporation resumes regular dividends on \$508,000,000 common stock.

January 28—President Wilson nominates Louis D. Brandeis as Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court.

January 30—Mrs. Agnes M. Teiper and her son Frederick murdered and her daughter badly wounded in a mysterious crime on a lonely road two miles from Buffalo, N. Y. (John B. Teiper, another son, found slightly injured with them, is later arrested for the crime.)

February 5—Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr acquitted at Providence, R. I., of the murder of her husband, Dr. Charles F. Mohr. Newport society physician.

February 5—Sixty persons, including German and Turkish Consuls, indicted for neutrality violations at San Francisco.

February 10—Lindley M. Garrison resigns as Secretary of War because President Wilson insists on a Federalized National Guard instead of Continental Army.

February 10—More than one hundred and fifty poisoned by Jean Crotte, an anarchist cook, at banquet to Archduke Ferdinand in Chicago.

February 13—Henry Ford announces a country-wide advertising campaign against national defense.

February 15—Elijah Root, in campaign speech at New York, says Wilson has humiliated the Nation.

February 23—Nine killed in wreck of three New Haven trains just east of Bridgeport.

March 4—President Wilson announces Newton B. Baker will be new Secretary of War.

March 14—First Presidential boom for T. Coleman du Pont is launched.

March 23—Dr. Arthur W. Waite, who later admits he poisoned his wealthy mother-in-law and father-in-law and attempted to drown them, is arrested in New York City.

April 10—J. P. Morgan's son, James, left him by his father for more than \$2,000,000.

April 17—Six killed in wreck of Gilt Edge express and another passenger train on New Haven Railroad at Bradford, L. I.

April 22—President appoints F.

Wagner New York City postmaster, the latter declines.

April 26—Mrs. Ida S. Rogers found not guilty on ground of insanity in New York City on charge of poisoning her baby son.

May 1—House kills Clarke amendment providing Philippine independence in four years.

May 2—Two killed, many hurt in strike battle at Braddock, Pa.

May 13—One hundred forty thousand parades for preparedness at New York City.

May 15—Gov. Whitman, of New York, signs bill creating first compulsory military training.

June 1—Telegram from Lieut. Sir Ernest Shackleton states he has escaped from the Antarctic ice, but left part of his crew behind.

June 1—American marines land in San Domingo.

June 1—Senate confirms Louis Brandeis as Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court.

June 4—Jacob H. Schiff, disgruntled with his treatment, withdraws from Jewish Zionist and Nationalist movements.

June 7—Republican National Convention starts at Chicago.

June 10—Republicans nominate Hughes and Fairbanks.

June 12—Hughes comes to New York and starts his campaign for President.

June 15—Democrats nominate Wilson and Marshall by acclamation at St. Louis.

June 27—Duke of Devonshire appointed Governor general of Canada.

July 2—with a total of 379 cases, infantile paralysis outbreak at New York begins to attract attention.

July 4—Great flight of children from New York paralysis epidemic under way.

July 6—Man-eating shark kills a man wading on the beach at Spring Lake, N. J.

July 7—Government forecast shows small American crops. With the partial failure of crops throughout the world, all nations face high prices.

July 11—French engineer Duau announces discovery of cold light in Paris.

July 12—Shark kills two and wounds another in Matawan Creek, N. J.

July 13—President Wilson selects John H. Clarke, of Cleveland, O., to occupy Charles E. Hughes' place at the United States Supreme Court bench.

July 15—Will H. Orpet found not guilty of the murder of his sweetheart, Marion Lambert, at Waukegan, Ill.

July 23—American negotiator

with Denmark for purchase of Dan-

Fifteen men wounded  
in strike riot.

October 11—President announces seven members of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense.

October 12—One killed, many wounded, in continued riots in Bayonne.

October 20—Twenty-one lost when Dutch steamer James B. Colgate sinks in storm on Lake Erie.

November 5—Six killed, forty wounded in I. W. W. strike battle at Everett, Wash.

November 7—Wilson and Marshall re-elected President and Vice President of the United States.

November 15—Fifteen thousand American employers from National Industrial Conference Board to fight organized labor.

November 19-20—Miss Ruth Law flies from Chicago to New York with only one stop.

November 22—Hughes admits election of President Wilson.

November 27—Federal Reserve Board issues warning to banks against over-investment in foreign government notes.

December 2—President Wilson inaugurates Statue of Liberty permanent illumination at New York City.

December 4—Pope names ten new cardinals, all from Entente countries.

December 4—United States envoy to Holland, Spain and Colombia resigns.

December 18—Gov. Charles S. Whitman, of New York, declares for prohibition, it is announced.

December 19—Boston voters to stay wet despite Hilly Sunday's campaign. Anti-dry majority bigger than usual.

### Bad Habits.

Those who breakfast at eight o'clock or later, lunch at twelve and have dinner at six are almost certain to be troubled with indigestion. They do not allow time for one meal to digest before taking another. Not less than five hours should elapse between meals. If you are troubled with indigestion correct your habits and take Chamberlain's Tablets, and you may reasonably hope for a quick recovery. These tablets strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Obtainable everywhere.

### BIRTHPLACE OF LAFAYETTE PURCHASED BY AMERICANS

New York, Dec. 31.—The historic chateau in France which was the birthplace of Marquis de Lafayette has been purchased by Americans who announced here to-night, to be restored and perpetuated as a memorial museum and home. The purchase was made possible through the efforts of Mrs. William Chamberlain and John Moffat, associated with many other prominent Americans, and the chateau will become the property of the French Heroes Fund.

The estate was sold by Marquis Gaston de Lafayette, who inherited it in 1890, from Senator Edmond de Lafayette. The present marquis is a grandson of Gen. La Fayette's only son, George Washington La Fayette.

The chateau de Chavaniac La Fayette is in the province of Auvergne, in Southern France, some 400 miles from Paris. The little church at which La Fayette worshipped is only a step from the chateau gates. The original building, which dated from the Fourteenth century, was destroyed by fire in 1701, but was rebuilt exactly as it stood before.

The purpose of the French Heroes Fund, it was announced, is to make the chateau a complement to Washington's home at Mount Vernon, Va.

It is to be kept records of Colonial days as well as those of the present war.

It will be made a home for orphans and for soldiers who have been disabled.

Among those associated with Mrs. Chamberlain and Mr. Moffat in making the purchase were Theodore Roosevelt, Joseph H. Choate, Clarence Mackay, John G. Millburn, George von L. Meyer, Dr. John Crier Hibben and Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler.

### Winter Brings Colds To Children.

A child rarely goes through the whole winter without a cold, and every mother should have a reliable remedy handy. Fever, sore throat, tight chest and croupy coughs are sure symptoms. A dose of Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey will loosen the phlegm, relieve the congested lungs and stop the cough. It's antiseptic pine balsams heal and soothe. For croup, whooping cough and chronic bronchial troubles try Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey. At all Drugists, 25c.

### Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Most Effective.

"I have taken a great many bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and every time it has cured me. I have found it most effective for a hacking cough and for colds. After taking it a cough always disappears," writes J. H. Moore, Lost Valley, Ga.

Obtainable everywhere.

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

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*Charles H. Fletcher*  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

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No Money in Advance  
—Satisfaction Guaranteed—  
Lowest Net  
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Saving of  
\$100.00  
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We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it to be the highest grade, sweetest-toned and most-pleasant piano in every way, that you have paid us for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, say the right both ways. The Starck Piano must make good with you or there is no sale.

### Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory. It gives you upwards of \$150.00 in the price of your piano. We guarantee to furnish you better piano for the money than you can buy elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory instrument for double high-grade piano.

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Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years. This guarantees the fact that you will be satisfied with the piano for 25 years.

If you are not satisfied with the piano after 25 years, we will exchange it for a new Starck Piano.

There are a few sample bargains.

Weber ..... \$110.00  
Steinway ..... 22.00  
Chickering ..... 20.00  
Kimball ..... 25.00  
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Send for our latest complete second-hand bargain list.

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You pay no cash down, but after 20 days of trial, you can begin payment on the 20th, easiest terms ever suggested by a piano manufacturer. These terms are arranged in accordance with your convenience. And it is possible for you to buy a piano for your home, without incurring the money.

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March Player-Pianos are the best and most beautiful Player-Pianos on the market. You will be surprised at the number of models. These instruments are the most attractive of their kind. Wonderful instruments, and will be pleased at which they can be secured.

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Plasterer, Decorator and Contractor.

Lifetime experience with best of workmen, and can give any reference desired. Call me on Hartford Mill Co., phone, or address me at Hartford, Ky.

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## Hartford Republican.

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MALISON J. BARNETT, Editor  
W. S. TINSLEY, Business Manager

Address all communications to  
The Hartford Republican.

### NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Letters and Notices to be per line and be per line for each additional insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks, \$1.00, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements, \$1.00 per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no mention.

### DEACTIONS.

Cumberland ..... 123

Farmers' Mutual ..... 20

FRIDAY, JANUARY 5

A Hartford man has a garden that not only produces fine vegetables in the summer but furnishes rabbits in the winter.

An exchange heads a peace article like this: "Wilson has not given up hope." We said the same thing about Hughes.

If the quail that escaped the hunters this season could realize the price paid for their tribe at public auction in Louisville last week, the bob whites would likely grow green with envy.

Burley has always been considered an undesirable word to use in describing anything but since that class of tobacco has been bringing such attractive prices the term possesses a softer tone.

Since the twelve-limit quail law has eliminated the hunter's remarkable stories (lies) why not have a twelve-fish limit law? Of course, it would also be necessary to limit the weight of the fish.

The Allies paused with one foot on the Alps and the other in the trenches long enough to say to the world that they had "just begun to fight." The Allies entered this war against their wishes and they will continue it until they can secure desirable peace terms. The war, however, cannot last until Germany is crushed entirely for such a blow would require ten years of fighting.

One of the biggest jokes of 1916 was the Mexican-American Commission. Nothing was expected from it; nothing has resulted from its meetings and nothing ever will. In the first place there was nothing to mediate. Our grievance with Mexico is a question of American life. An agreement from Carranza on that point would amount to less than an agreement with Villa for the latter is far more able to back up his statements. And as for diplomacy, one had far better treat with a Tennessee mule than deal diplomatically with either.

**NEW NEIGHBORS.**  
F. L. Felix has sold his interest in part, in the Hartford Herald to the Herald Publishing Company and retires as active editor and proprietor of that publication. Mr. Felix has been connected with the Herald for thirty years and has made success of the newspaper business. His plans for the future are unknown, but he has the best wishes of The Republican and his friends, of all political parties.

W. H. Coombs assumed his duties as editor of the Herald this week and although new in this particular office he is not new to the newspaper game and will no doubt make the Herald a good editor. We welcome Mr. Coombs into the local newspaper field and are sure of his cooperation in pulling for a more progressive town and county.

### IT WAS ONLY A CHASE.

"One of the smaller towns of Kentucky, name omitted out of respect for the sensitive spirit of the Colonels, was the scene the other day of a ceremony strange enough for that region. Deep sympathy with the chastened feelings of the aforementioned Colonels would turn aside entirely the embarrassing intrusion of investigation and observation were it not for the fact that the very unusualness of the incident seems to demand such attention. Not to prolong the agony unduly, it may be said that nine barrels of perfectly good wine were poured into the sewer. And this happened in Kentucky. The reason for this outpouring seems to lie in the fact that a certain person had the wine in his possession illegally, probably intending to sell it with profit to himself. The court took cognizance of the matter, the owner was fined \$200 and given forty days in jail, and the stuff was confiscated and destroyed. But hist! A feeling of doubt begins to

dawn as to the validity of sympathy in this case. It was not the "real stuff" for which Kentucky is famous. Perhaps after all the Colonels are not particularly down-east. In this light, the event may be considered as unusual, but hardly shocking so. It may even be that in the inner circles it is believed the fellow was punished mildly for attempting to deal in such a childish imitation of drink for grown men."—Rochester (N. Y.) Democrat-Cronicle.

Some months ago several gallons of blind-tiger whisky was confiscated in this county and by order of court were emptied into the sewer. There were regrets, of course, but there was no graceful way to avoid carrying out the order. Now to straighten our eastern friend out on the wine question. You see, down here in Kentucky we usually follow with a chaser and it was in keeping with that custom that the wine was poured into the sewer. And to assure said eastern friend that the ceremonies were entirely complete we might add that the usual mourners and cup-bearers followed the procession.

### BROWDER'S REPORT.

The Republican considers the report of County Agent W. W. Browder, printed in this issue, one of the classiest bits of reading it has offered the public, in its line, for sometime. Although brief Mr. Browder's report contains valuable food for thought and should be read and digested by every citizen of Ohio county. He sums up his visits, his consultations and in part the things accomplished by himself since coming to this county in the capacity of farm demonstrator and makes suggestions and plans for things to be done in the future.

The thing, however, that impresses the writer most forcefully is this statement: "We have vast resources in the county, equal if not superior to any in the State and when we fully awaken to the possibilities in this county, we will have one of the best in the State." Mr. Browder has traveled Ohio county during the past year, probably more than any other man. He has made a study of its resources and such a statement coming from him means more than a mere assertion from a casual observer. But when, may we ask, are we to "fully awaken to our possibilities?" Is it to be this year, next or the indefinite future?

These same resources of which Mr. Browder speaks have belonged to Ohio county since the pioneers made it a safe dwelling place, but nevertheless we are far behind many neighbor counties that have advanced with less natural resources. We would not say that Ohio county has not made strides forward, for she has. But we will say without fear of contradiction, that we have not taken advantage of the very resources that are spoken of in the agent's report. It is not that Ohio counties are stingy with either their physical or mental labors. To the contrary they toil by day and play at night just as faithfully as do others, but it seems that we are a bit behind in our thinking. It seems that we need to turn loose and catch a new hold, further up. We need to realize what we have and how best to develop our resources; we need improvements that we do not have now, good roads for instance; we should employ new methods, proved successfully by others but not cultivated by us; and last but not least by any means, we need co-operation not only among men of the same trade, or profession, but among men of all trades and professions.

We are entering into a new year and let us begin by resolving to pull together for a greater Ohio county. Great work is being done by the agent but his efforts will prove more successful if he is assisted by team work. Every citizen is offered the opportunity of aiding in the development of the county's resources. The privilege is glorious if accepted.

### THREE GOVERNORS TO SPEAK AT LINCOLN MEMORIAL.

New York, Jan. 5.—Governors of Kentucky, Virginia and Tennessee, three states whose borders meet at Cumberland Gap—will deliver addresses of welcome to notable men and women, who are expected to attend the memorial celebration at Lincoln Memorial University at Cumberland Gap, Tenn., Feb. 10, 11 and 12, it was announced here tonight.

A special train will be run from New York to carry visitors who will attend the ceremonies. Among these will be many of the best known educators in the country.

### A. S. of E. County Meeting.

The Ohio County Union of the A. S. of E. will convene at Hartford, Saturday, January 6th, at 10 o'clock. Everyone is invited to attend. There is some very important matters to come before the union.

J. R. WELLET, Pres.  
HENRY M. PIRTE, Secy.

## FEAR SHORTAGE OF FOOD SUPPLY

EXPERTS DOUBT WHETHER THE WORLD HAS ENOUGH TO LAST THROUGH YEAR.

## HUNGER IS PROSPECT

Rome Agricultural Institute Gives Figures On Available Amounts Of Cereals.

Rome, Jan. 2.—The International Institute of Agriculture has published a report under the title "Has the World Enough to Live Upon Until the Next Harvest?"

The report took into consideration five unfavorable factors, the failure of the Northern Hemisphere harvests of the year ending July 31 and particularly those of Canada and the United States; the unreleased crops of Russia owing to the continued closing of the Dardanelles; the extra and unusual consumption of foods by the armies; the increased difficulties of transporting crops; and the fact that normally the world's food consumption increases year by year, partly due to population increases, and whereby a crop which does not more than to an acre average is actually an insufficient one.

The general conclusion of the report, while not favorable, indicates that if every nation, irrespective of those at war, exercises close economy there may be a narrow margin of surplus food left at the beginning of the next harvest year. It is also made clear that should the next harvest be no better than the present, the situation will be serious.

### Figures On Wheat.

The report states: "It is clear that no one can estimate with any precision what may be the actual consumption of the world during the period dividing us from the next harvest." However, it places the consumption of wheat in the Northern Hemisphere countries at 2,337,500,000 bushels, adds to this the consumption of the Southern Hemisphere countries, and arrives at a total estimated consumption of 3,836,638,364 bushels. Taking into account all existing wheat, given this consumption figure, the report finds that the wheat surplus by July 31 next will be but 46,281,649 bushels, and that this surplus will exist because of the preceding abundant harvest whereby 345,385,140 bushels of stored wheat were available to add to this year's consumption. This year's total wheat crop is therefore but 3,491,263,324 bushels, as compared to 4,062,567,900 bushels last year.

The report estimates the stores of Russian wheat so far unavailable for military reasons at a total of 303,580,000 bushels. If this wheat is released at any time within the next calendar year, the food situation will be made easier, the not if the next harvest fails.

### Year's Crop Small.

The report's definite figures deal with five important food crops of the Northern Hemisphere, wheat, rye, barley, oats and corn. "It should be borne in mind," it states, "that these Northern Hemisphere crops are 93 per cent of those of the whole world for wheat, 99.9 of rye, 99.1 of barley, 97.8 of oats and 94.2 of corn. The crops in the Northern Hemisphere lately gathered, taken as a whole, are undoubtedly bad. The wheat figures for 1916, 1915 and the average of the five-year period of 1909-13 are respectively 887,766,000 quintals; 1,095,496 quintals, and 925,316,000 quintals. In other words, this year's crop is only 80.2 per cent of that of the previous year and 94.9 per cent of the average. A quintal is 32.3 bushels.

For the five cereals, the grand totals indicate the present year's yield as but 88.7 per cent of that of 1915 and 190.1 per cent of the five year average.

These totals are 3,182,697,000 quintals for 1916; 3,586,166,000 quintals for 1915, and 3,178,342,000 quintals for the five year average. Taking into count estimates of the coming harvests in the Southern Hemisphere, the report gives as the whole world's surplus (not yield) for these five cereals 172,408,000 quintals (632,162,666 bushels) and the total surplus at the disposal of international trade at 14,090,000 quintals (51,063,332 bushels).

### TURKEY REPUDIATES HER GUARDIANSHIP

Washington, Jan. 2.—American Ambassador Etkus has forwarded from Constantinople an apparently authentic article from a semi-official newspaper in the Turkish capital giving the text of Turkey's repudiation of the guardianship of the great Pow-

ers created by the treaty of Paris of 1856, and the treaty of Berlin of 1878.

No official notification of Turkey's action has reached the State Department. Neither the German nor Austrian embassies here had any word of their ally's action, altho it was not unexpected.

One of the motives of the repudiation, it was said, was to permit Turkey to enter a peace conference as an entirely independent Power.

The United States will take no action in the matter, as this country was not a party to either treaty and does not consider that its rights are more particularly involved thru this specific action than thru the whole general Turkish situation.

### We Care For Dumb Beasts.

We have opened a hitch and feed stable in the building recently occupied by Cooper & Co., and are ready to meet your wants in that line. Leave your horse where you know it will be cared for.

TAYLOR & CRABTREE,  
Hartford, Ky.

### NEW AIRSHIP IS MUCH BIGGER THAN ZEPPELIN

Herlin, Dec. 30.—The Frankfort Zeitung reports that a new Schutte-Lanz air cruiser of colossal dimensions has been completed. The new airship is one-third larger than the largest Zeppelin built so far. It is said to have a speed of eighty miles per hour and will carry two three-inch-quick-firing guns and six machine guns. The guns are mounted on top of the cigar-shaped balloon body.

### COURT NOTES

Dr. J. S. Smith qualified as administrator of estate of Anna Hutchison, deceased, on December 29.

The will of G. B. Bean, deceased, was probated in county court on January 1st. Mrs. Fora B. Bean, wife of the deceased was made the sole beneficiary in said will. She also qualified as administratrix.

The will of W. C. Ambrose, deceased, was also probated on last Monday and by the terms of the will, Mrs. M. E. Ambrose, surviving widow, gets all of decedent's property. Mrs. Ambrose qualified as executrix, being permitted to serve without bond.

Mrs. Matilda Hillard was tried in County Court on Dec. 30th, and adjudged to be a lunatic or person of unsound mind and committed to the Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane.

Lizzie Atherton was tried on January 3rd, and likewise adjudged to be of unsound mind, or lunatic and committed to Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane.

The Ohio County Fiscal Court met in regular session Jan. 2, with County Judge John H. Wilson presiding, and Justices Ed. Shown, H. C. Tichenor, S. L. Fulkerson, S. W. Leach, Winsor Smith, W. S. Dean, H. W. Taylor and B. F. Illee present. County Attorney A. D. Kirk was also present, as was County Clerk, W. C. Blankenship, who was the chief quill wielder.

The Court at this session made the tax levy for the year 1917, which was fixed, exclusive of Public School purposes, at 50 cents on each \$100.00 worth of taxable property and a tithe tax of \$1.50 was also levied. The rate was divided as follows:

For Salary Fund ..... 10 per cent  
For Roads and Bridges ..... 50 per cent  
Sinking Fund ..... 18 per cent  
Circuit Expense Fund ..... 14.5 per cent  
Charity Fund ..... 7.5 per cent

In the case of J. O. McKenney, et al., on motion to adopt the du Pont highway as a public road, the court allowed cost to the amount of \$45.65.

W. S. Tinsley was elected or appointed special Commissioner to make settlement with the Sheriff for the 1916 county revenue.

Salaries of the County officers for the year 1917 were allowed as follows:

Jno. H. Wilson, County Judge, \$ 850  
A. D. Kirk, County Attorney, \$ 850  
Ozna Shultz, Superintendent of Schools, ..... 1,000  
C. O. Hunter, Treasurer, ..... 200  
Dr. B. F. Tichenor, County Health Officer, ..... 250  
Dr. A. B. Riley, County Physician, ..... 125

The foregoing salaries to be paid quarterly.

Claims, including fees, amounting to \$193.00 on account of sheep killed and injured by dogs were allowed.

County Clerk, W. C. Blankenship, reported delinquent tax collections during the past year for the county of \$195.75 and for Common Schools of \$58.49.

The Court purchased \$500 worth

## Happy New Year!

With fondest hopes and great anticipations for the results of the New Year, 1917, we stop to recount the many blessings and favors that have been showered upon us during old 1916. With thankful hearts we turn to our multitude of loyal customers who have contributed so liberally to our temporal and social blessings, and on whom we are depending largely for a realization of our hopes and anticipations of the new year.

Our supreme endeavor will be to fully merit your confidence and patronage, and if possible so strengthen our mutual interest in each other that we will be bound more closely in a bond of mutual friendship and business intercourse.

Joyfully wishing everybody everywhere good along with happiness and prosperity, we will always be found working to the mutual interest of ourselves and customers.

## E. P. Barnes & Bro. BEAVER DAM, KY.

## The Normal School of West Kentucky Seminary

Will open at Beaver Dam, Ky.

Tuesday, January 2, 1917

Any and all outside pupils or teachers who are prepared to enter, whether they care to take the Teachers' Examination or not, are urged to enter January 2, 1917.

Come, work with us, and let us try to help each other.

### TUITION \$3.00 PER MONTH.

For further information, call on or address

## CLAUDE SHULTZ, - President Beaver Dam, Ky.

of east iron culverts from the Galion Iron and Manufacturing Co.

Various other claims including many for teams furnished on the public highways were allowed.

On recommendation of the Ohio County Board of Education, or Superintendent of Common Schools, the Court levied a tax of 15 cents on each \$100 worth of taxable property subject to common school tax and poll tax of \$1 for common school purposes.

The pay roll on account of work on the Hartford and Morgantown road for the month of December, amounting to \$640.61 was appraised and ordered paid.

Superintendent Shultz filed his report for the past year but owing to the lateness of the hour we were unable to go into details, but will report on same next week.

The Court adjourned late yesterday evening to meet February 7, at which time the sheriff will make final settlement for the year 1916.

The main buildings and the landscape effects will be preserved.

**Business Scholarship.**  
We

# Cloaks and Coat Suits

Our custom is never to carry Cloaks or Coat Suits over if prices are any inducement to economic buyers. We have about 20 Coat Suits that run in price from \$15.00 to \$25.00. Colors green, black and navy blue; sizes 34 to 40. Now, to make a long story short, the entire lot—  
CHOICE for.....

**\$13.49**

## Special Values

One lot of last season Suits, not up to the minute in style, but exceedingly good values. Suits that sold for \$15.00 to \$18.00. Your choice for.....

**\$6.49**

## CLOAKS

About 20 good styles, all fresh and new. Former prices from \$10.00 to \$18.00. Our special price to you .....

**\$9.49**

## Special Values

Other departments have special values. When in town visit us, and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.

A happy and prosperous year to you all.

**FAIR & CO.**  
THE FAIR DEALERS

## Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 5

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.  
No. 113 due at Elizabethtown 8:32 p. m.  
No. 119 due at Elizabethtown 7:30 a. m.  
No. 112 Lv. Elizabethtown .. 3:40 p. m.  
Ar. Irvington .. 5:35 p. m.  
Lv. Irvington .. 5:56 p. m.  
Ar. Louisville .. 7:40 p. m.  
No. 111 Lv. Louisville .. 8:35 a. m.  
Ar. Irvington .. 10:06 a. m.  
Lv. Irvington .. 10:40 a. m.  
Ar. Elizabethtown .. 1:04 p. m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.  
South Bound, No. 115—  
Due at Hartford..... 5:45 a. m.  
North Bound, No. 114—  
Due at Hartford..... 5:55 p. m.  
(Both "Mixed Trains.")

## Personal News and Social Events.

Attorney W. H. Hayes was in Fordsville Tuesday.

Mr. E. V. Park was in Henderson Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Orell Fielden, of Henderson, is visiting friends and relatives here.

County Farm Agent W. W. Brown has returned from his vacation.

Mr. Talming Davis, of Owensboro, was in Hartford a few days this week.

Mrs. J. C. Casebier and son, visited relatives in Central City last week.

Mr. Ray O'Hanlon, of Guthrie, visited friends in Hartford a few days this week.

Mr. J. A. Howard has returned from Rockport where he spent the holidays with relatives.

Mr. Ralph Davidson returned to Henderson Tuesday after a two-weeks visit with friends.

Mr. R. T. Collins returned to Chillicothe after spending the holidays with his family here.

Mrs. J. T. Smith, of Fordsville, and J. W. Ford, of Gallon, Ala., visited relatives here this week.

Mr. Tom Caldwell, of Paducah, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Joe T. Miller, a few days this week.

Mr. J. E. Leach, of Central City, representing the Barnes Automobile Company, was here yesterday.

Farm For Sale—130 acres, 1½ miles east of Hartford, divided by L. & N. Railroad. 50 acres good bottom land, 100 acres cleared. Good water supply. Will sell one-half if desired. Excellent title and price is right. Location could hardly be better. Apply to L. P. Foreman, Hartford, Ky.

Mr. Shelby Stevens, who is attending the Medient School of the University of Louisville, contracted pneumonia Saturday while visiting his mother, Mrs. Laura Stevens, and has been confined to his bed since Monday. Mr. Stevens rested well Wednesday night and was thought to be slightly improved yesterday.

Capt. J. G. Keown has resigned his position with the J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company to take a place with the Galion Iron Works and Manufacturing Company after several years in the employ of the Case Company. The change was made principally to allow more time to be spent with his family here, as Capt. Keown's work will now be in Kentucky.

Mr. F. L. Felix has sold a part of his interest in the Hartford Herald to the Herald Publishing Company and expects to leave within the next two weeks for a two-months vacation in the South. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Felix who is now visiting her daughter in Boston. Mr. G. H. Likens is president of the new company and Mr. W. H. Coombs will edit the Herald.

Mr. Sam Rafferty, who lives near Mandy, this county, was thought to have tuberculosis last year and his condition was said to be serious, but just to show what a sick man can do Mr. Rafferty planted an acre of tobacco which he attended himself. Last week he brought his tobacco to Hartford and sold the one-acre crop for \$171. Doing pretty well for a sick man, n'est ce pas?

## STRAY STREAKS.

(By Fluké McFluke.)

It doesn't follow that every young fellow you lamp with a bunch of chickens is a poultry fancier.

I see it is proposed to limit campaign contributions to 1½ cents per capita. If the campaign committee will kindly call upon me I'd like to pay mine for 5 years in advance.

### On The Move.

Yes, Betsy, time doth fly, money flies and I even saw a house fly to other day.

A young guy gambled gayly to his home up on West Clay street very early the other morning, got down on his all-fours, moved all of the rugs &c., on the front porch and was making much labored noise generally, when his mother called down from the upper story, telling the young blood that the door key was under a certain thing on the porch. The fellow replied thusly, I've found the doggoned key but where in Sham Hill'd you put the blamed key hole.

Mrs. Mary White will leave today for Olney, Ill., after spending the holidays with her parents, Capt. and Mrs. S. K. Cox.

Mrs. J. W. Jones and little daughter have returned to Murray after a visit with Mrs. Laura Stevens, Mrs. Jones' mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Crabtree returned to Greenville Friday after spending several days with Mr. C. S. Stevens and family.

Mr. Glenn Barnes, who has been confined to his bed with bronchitis for several days, is improved but not yet able to be out.

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Taylor returned to Chicago Wednesday after a few days' visit with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Taylor.

Misses Mary Duke and Norine Barnett have returned to Logan College, Russellville, after spending the holidays with their parents.

Mr. C. V. Robertson, of Hardinsburg, was here Monday for the purpose of buying mules. Mr. Robertson is County Clerk of Breckinridge county.

After being at home for a week Mr. W. T. Woodward expects to return to his work in Louisville today. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Woodward.

Mr. Virgil Shown, Route 3, recently \$117.40 for 1,500 plants or hills of burley tobacco delivered to the Co-operative house here recently. His leaf brought \$15 per hundred pounds.

Commonwealth's Attorney C. E. Smith attended the Circuit Judge and Commonwealth Attorney's Association at Louisville last week. Mr. Smith is now in attendance at the Daviess Circuit Court in Owensboro.

The survey work on the Owensboro road was begun by Engineer Ligon Monday. When this class of work is completed contracts will be let and the road graded to the Daviess county line. When finances permit the highway will be macadamized.

## SOCIETY NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. Logan Entertain. One of the most beautiful as well as enjoyable entertainments given during the Christmas season was the informal dance given Friday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Winters Logan at their elegant home on Union street. With light streaming from every window the house presented a castellated appearance and the spacious rooms were decorated in accordance with the holiday season.

Capt. J. G. Keown has resigned his position with the J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company to take a place with the Galion Iron Works and Manufacturing Company after several years in the employ of the Case Company. The change was made principally to allow more time to be spent with his family here, as Capt. Keown's work will now be in Kentucky.

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The hall room and the long colonial hall had been thrown open to the dancers. The musicians were seated in the rear of the hall and as the soft strains floated through the air the floors were constantly crowded. The drawing room and library were arranged for the guests who did not dance and they indulged in "five-hands" and "rum."

Assisting Mr. and Mrs. Logan in receiving were Miss Florence Logan and Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Taylor. The following guests were present:

Misses Marjorie Holbrook, Willie Smith, Lucile Pirtle, Mattie Duke, Winnie Davis Simmerman, Lella Glenn, Clara Robertson, Ella McKenney, Lurene Collins, Mary White and Verna Duke; Messrs. Estill Park, Marvin Benn, Ralph Davidson, Henderson Murphree, Trimble Pendleton, R. H. Shelly, Cecil Felix, A. D. Kirk, Vernon Ligon, Harold Holbrook and Allison Barnett; Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Barrass, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. Rowan Holbrook and Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Riley.

### New Year's Dance.

A New Year's dance was given at Dr. Bean's rink Monday night by several of the Hartford young men. Punch and cake were served during the evening. Music was made by Shultz's string orchestra and a very enjoyable evening was spent. Among the out-of-town guests present were Mr. and Mrs. Jno. P. Taylor, of Chicago; Miss Ella McKenney, of Beaver Dam, and Mr. Caldwell, of Paducah.

### Entertain at Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Barrass entertained the following guests at dinner Wednesday evening: Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Birkhead, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Black and daughters, Norine and Lola Geneva; Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Tinsley, Misses Kathlene Turner and Sallie Lindley and Mr. Glenn Tinsley.

### Woman's Club Meeting.

One of the most delightful Christmas entertainments of the week was the Woman's Club meeting on Saturday, December 30, at the home of Mrs. J. H. B. Carson, Mrs. Pirtle, Miss Nell and Mrs. Carson hostesses. On arriving the guests were ushered into the parlor by Miss Mary Austin Carson. The decorations were in green and yellow, the club colors, and mistletoe used in profusion. The daughters of the club members were invited guests. The following program was given:

Roll call, Christmas Sentiments.

A Christmas Poem—Mrs. Brown.

Music—Miss Holbrook.

Christmas Legend—Mrs. Glenn.

Music—Miss Pirtle.

"Going Home for Christmas"—Mrs. J. G. Keown.

Reading, "Regret"—Miss Glenn.

The musical selections from MacDowell and the readings were especially enjoyed.

A delicious two course lunch, consisting of sandwiches, salad, cheese balls, olives, coffee, and cream and cake, was served by the hostesses, assisted by Misses Annie Ruth Carson and Evelyn Clark.

The members present were:

Messmes. J. D. Bean, H. E. Brown, J. H. B. Carson, J. S. Glenn, R. Holbrook, J. G. Keown, Virgil Elgin, R. Pirtle, E. B. Pendleton, J. B. Wilson, Will Rhodes; Misses Duncan and Nall.

In Honor of Mrs. Taylor.  
Assisted by Misses Katherine and Mary Laura Pendleton.

# OUR Store Policy

Pleases Our  
Younger as Well as Our  
Older Patrons.

We take the same pains to please the most youthful of our customers that we use to win the approval of their elders. It is, as it has been our purpose to make frank, fair dealing the permanent foundation of our success, thus kind of honest, four-square treatment which makes it a pleasure to buy merchandise in our store and gives you the comforting assurance of the best possible values for your money. It is a pursuance of this policy of the square deal, backed by our ability to buy right, on which we base our claim to your patronage.

Having just closed the year 1916, one of the best since the history of our business, we take this opportunity to thank each and every one who has contributed in any way, and asking a continuance for the year 1917, we are yours for good values.

**Carson & Co.**  
INCORPORATED

Hartford, Ky.

# Hartford College

Thirty-seventh Mid-Winter  
Term Begins

January 8th, 1917.

New classes will be organized in High School and Normal work. If you are ready for High School, or wish to prepare to teach, enter then. Board and tuition reasonable. For further information call on or address

**H. E. BROWN, President**  
**HENRY LEACH, Vice President**

in honor of Mrs. J. H. Taylor, of Chicago, with a theater and card party.

The family moved here from Wilmington, N. C., last July. No reason is given for the child's dislike of footgear. He attracted quite a crowd during the recent snows here by selecting the deepest snow for a footpath. The other children, it is said, will not sleep with him, because he will have only the lightest covering.

As he was out of sight of his home, and threw them in a sewer.

The boy insists that he has never felt the sensation of cold.

### 10,000 JACK RABBITS CAUGHT IN TEXAS DRIVE

Amarillo, Tex., Dec. 30.—Belated reports tonight concerning the All-Pan Handle of Texas Jack Rabbit Drive, held in a united effort to reduce the cost of meat, indicate that not less than 10,000 jack rabbits have been killed in the various drives.

Hereford, Tex., reported 1,000 rabbits killed and sold to a Galveston brokerage concern for shipment to New York. Market prices quoted here tonight for dressed jack rabbit was 10½ cents a pound.

### WINCHESTER LAD NEVER EXPERIENCED COLD CLAIM

Winchester, Ky., Jan. 1.—Richard

Davis, 8-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs.

T. W. Davis, attracts much attention

here because of the fact that in even

the bitterest cold weather he goes

barefooted to school. In fact, he

never wears shoes at all, and when

his mother purchased a pair for him

this week he discarded them as soon

# You Can Be Whatever You Want To Be

You can be a success, and a big success, if you have AMBITION, ENERGY, NERVE.

The road to success is easy—if you are properly prepared. A Business Education is the chief requisite for preparedness. The big men of today almost without exception are the men who prepared yesterday.

We prepare you for the position that are waiting for the prepared man or woman. School in session the entire year. Pupils may enter at any time and receive proper classification.

## Owensboro Business & Industrial College

(Incorporated)

OWENSBORO, KY.

## FAIRBANKS FAVORS UNION OF CHURCHES

JS ONE OF COMMISSIONERS SEEKING PLANS TO REUNITE METHODISTS.

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 31.—Charles W. Fairbanks, former Vice President of the United States, in an address at the First Methodist Episcopal church pleaded for the reunion of Methodists of the South with those of the North. Mr. Fairbanks is one of the fifty commissioners of the two churches in the city to work out a plan of union. All the others spoke in churches and many of them referred to the hope that the negotiations would result in a real reunion of forces.

"It is not my purpose to indulge in a doctrinal discussion," said Mr. Fairbanks. "To unify the two larger branches of Methodism is a task that will engage my best efforts and has my sympathy and hope. I think Methodism will be greater by the reunion. Social, commercial and other influences in this country have run from east to west and from west to east, but not to the same degree between north and south."

"It has long been my belief that the more we solidify the ties of all sections the stronger the republic will be."

Mr. Fairbanks then told of his travels in heathen lands and of the successful missionary work being carried on by the Methodists. The division between North and South, he said, was an embarrassment in such work and he expressed the hope that greater unity and fewer denominations would result in the harmony already apparent among Christians. In speaking of Japan Mr. Fairbanks said that he saw no ground for the fear that Japan would make war on this country. In China and everywhere in the Far East, he declared, the missionaries had been the best ambassadors of America and had cultivated a friendly feeling toward this nation.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Flowers As Food.

In many parts of India the natives depend for food upon the blossoms of the balsam tree. They do not cook the flowers, but make a good meal of them raw. These blossoms are described as sweet and sticky in odor and taste. They are sometimes dried in the sun, when they are kept and sold in the bazaars as a regular article of diet. The trees are so highly esteemed that the threat of cutting down their balsam trees will generally bring an unruly tribe to terms.

### John D. Cancels Mortgage.

New York, Dec. 30.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., canceled a mortgage of \$200,000 on the West Side Neighborhood House in this city conducted by the Young Women's Christian Association, as a Christmas gift. It was announced today. The property was purchased from Mr. Rockefeller in 1914, and \$23,500 had already been paid. Because he was "satisfied with the use to which the property had been put," Mr. Rockefeller said in a letter he not only canceled the mortgage of the old Estate house, gage but restored the money that elaborately equipped with threads, had been paid.

### To Marry and Be Happy.

"Team work," observed Miss Mary Thompson Davies, "is the secret of success and happiness. Every great work of art is the result of team work. So is every happy marriage. And the happiest marriage is that wherein the man and woman weep abreast of each other, dividing the load; not where there is a matrimonial tandem wherein one-half of the team does the prancing and the other half does the work. In the past, you know, men have done too much prancing and women too much work, for which they got no credit. Every great book or poem or picture or symphony is the result of collaboration between man and woman."

I found that the author of "The Melting of Molly" and "The Daredevil" is much interested just now in the subject of team work, because she has just dramatized her first great success, "The Melting of Molly," in collaboration with Irene Franklin, who will star in it.

"Irene Franklin and I wrote our play together," Miss Davies told me, "after three men dramatists had tackled the book and failed miserably. We wrote 24 hours at a time, working together and never once having the slightest tiff. Now that is a very unusual state of affairs between two women until recently.

"The trouble with women's movements, you know, was that women had no sense of solidarity, hadn't learned to pull together. You see men learn the rules of the game very early. They play matches together when they are boys, and they learn to abide by the rules of the game, but the girl sits off by herself and sews for her doll. She doesn't know until she is quite grown up that there are any rules.

"The most perfect form of collaboration exists between a man and a woman who are one in mind, one in heart, one in work. Agnes and Egerton Castle are examples of this perfect collaboration. Their novels are wonderfully interesting and yet you can always tell which part Mrs. Castle wrote and which part is the work of her husband. Yet it is a perfect whole.

"A great many works of art," I interposed, "are the joint product of a man and a woman, although only the man's name is signed to them. There are so many men novelists who are merely peeping Toms at the hearts of the women who have loved them. Take Marcel Prevost, for instance. There are things in his 'Letters of Women' that no man possibly could know unless a woman had told him of them."

"I agree with you," Miss Davies said. "A woman is the matrix of all greatness, the mold in which all great works of art have developed. And men are coming more and more to the realization that the matrix is more important, more beautiful than the jewel.

"Woman has been the silent partner in all human greatness, and every work of art is born of the marriage of true minds. The perfect marriage is the jewel of human life. I am more conscious of that fact perhaps because I am unmarried. Do you know I believe the unmarried woman keeps a glamour about love that the married woman cannot possess? In other words, in order to appreciate marriage you have to be unmarried yourself and to write about love you must not have experienced its completeness."

"You are quite right," I admitted. "We cannot expect to marry the great romance and keep it, too. Day by day, year by year its great moments are overlaid with the dust of domesticity. Yet of course there is no woman married who would exchange her lot for that of the girl who couldn't get her husband."

"I should say not," Miss Davies exclaimed. "And if a romance is kept properly dusted it is just as bright at the end of 20 years. Human happiness like every other jewel is the product of time and growth."

"A diamond is not born in a minute and neither is a happy marriage. It must grow and develop, crystallize from selfishness and devotion. It must be built up by little daily contracts, duties, worries, cares. There is no other human relation that gives the peace and security of a happy marriage. Not long ago a friend of mine, who thought she had reached the end of her romance—she had been married 10 years—went away from home on a visit. While in a distant city she met a very fascinating man and said she felt she was just about three feet ahead of him during all the chase he gave her. Then she went back home.

"She described to me her sensation of thankfulness when she saw her home again, the joy she felt at realizing she had done nothing to forget its protection, the overwhelming tenderness she experienced for her husband. She said she had never loved him on her wedding day as she did on that return 10 years afterward.

"That, you know, is real happiness. And it comes to every man and woman who will do team work for it, who will collaborate on what should

be their greatest masterpiece—their love for each other."—Nikola Greeley Smith in New York Herald.

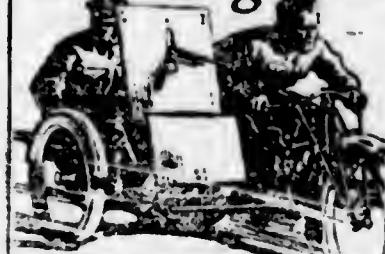
## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

HAY STATE GOVERNOR URGES 1920 WORLD FAIR

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—An exposition in Boston of world's fair magnitude is urged by Gov. Samuel W. McCall of Massachusetts' part in the 1920 Pilgrim Tercentenary celebration.

"I trust that the Commonwealth will celebrate this event in some other than a provincial way," he said. "An opportunity for a great exposition of educational and artistic importance, with less of the mechanical is given the State in the coming tercentennial of the landing of the Pilgrims.

## Get on the Firing Line



If you want to succeed  
Get on the Firing Line

# New Price on Ford Cars!

Ford Runabout . \$345.00  
Ford Touring Car . \$360.00

F. O. B. Detroit. Freight to  
Beaver Dam \$18.00.

**E.P.BARNES & BRO**  
Beaver Dam, Ky.

## Wagons! Wagons! Wagons!

Before you buy you should examine our hand made farm wagons. They run lighter, are made of the very best material and last far longer than any machine made wagon you can buy no matter what price you pay.

We also do all kinds of Blacksmithing and Repairing, especially the hard jobs the other fellow can't do.

We also make a specialty of Horseshoeing and earnestly solicit your patronage in this line.

Respectfully yours,

**A. B. Row & Son**  
Centertown, Ky.

Thirty-five years experience in the shop.

### HERE IS A GOOD PLACE TO STOP FOR LITTLE MONEY

Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky., Main St., bet. 6th & 7th  
The Only Hotel in Louisville Operated on the  
American and European Plans.

#### AMERICAN PLAN (With Meals)—

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.

75 Rooms . . . . single, \$2.00 per day; 2 people, \$2.00 each

50 Rooms . . . . single, 2.50 per day; 2 people, 2.25 each

50 Front Rooms . . . . single, 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.50 each

#### Rooms with Private Bath:

50 Rooms . . . . single, 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.75 each

50 Rooms . . . . single, 3.50 per day; 2 people, 3.00 each

#### EUROPEAN PLAN (Without Meals)—

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.

75 Rooms . . . . single, \$1.00 per day; 2 people, \$0.75 each

50 Rooms . . . . single, 1.25 per day; 2 people, 1.00 each

50 Front Rooms . . . . single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each

#### Rooms with Private Bath:

50 Rooms . . . . single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each

50 Rooms . . . . single, 2.00 per day; 2 people, 1.50 each

#### THE OLD INN, Louisville, Ky., Cor. Sixth and Main Sts.

European Plan Only.

Rooms Without Bath, \$1.00 and up; Rooms With Private Bath, \$1.50 and up—Best Eating Place in Town.

The Louisville Hotel and the Old Inn are located in the wholesale district and only a 3-block's walk to the retail district and theaters.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL AND OLD INN COMPANY, Prop.

## Vanderbilt Training School for Boys ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

**MATHENEY & BATT**

For catalogue and information. Box A.

## Farm Department

### Take Care of The Plow.

If machinery is expected to take the place of man and horse, it should be well cared for.

In buying tools be sure to get those that are reliable and durable. Then do not leave them out in all kinds of weather to rust and decay, which will cause a loss in dollars. Keep all tools oiled well and do not neglect repairs when needed.

The moldboard should be kept polished. The Missouri College of Agriculture gives a good mixture to use for this that will give good results. First, mix a thick paste of whiting and hard oil, then thin it by adding more oil. Apply to the moldboard with a brush and rub off with a gunny sack just before using in the spring.—Southern Agriculturist.

### First of All, Feed Yourself.

These are good times, they say. So they are for the man who has things to sell, especially things to eat. The man who has to buy his living, especially if he is buying out of a fixed wage or salary, may be pardoned for wondering a little at times whether or not it is just the sort of prosperity he would prefer.

No farmer should be in the food-buying class. He will have to buy many things, of course, but he should have more to sell than he has to buy. The farmer who does not make his living at home is not profiting by the high price of farm products.

In fact, it is worth saying one time more that permanent agricultural prosperity comes only to the community—usually only to the man—that produces a surplus of food products. No farming section has yet known an enduring prosperity based on single-crop farming and the purchase from its proceeds of the other necessities of life.

It is the same way with live stock. The farmers who make most out of live stock are the farmers who grow most of their feeds at home. The farm flock of poultry pay big dividends, but few commercial poultry plants last more than a few years. The difference between cheap home-grown feeds and feeds purchased at retail market prices makes the difference in profits. The dairymen in the Northeast—and some nearer home—who depend on buying nearly all their feeds for their cattle find it hard struggle to keep ahead. Dairymen who feed their own feeds find the cow a money maker.

The farm is primarily a place to raise things to eat, and the farmer who fails to raise food for himself and feed for his stock is running a risk.—Southern Agriculturist.

### Farmers Can Co-operate.

We talk so much about the need of co-operation among the farmers and spend so much time wondering why they don't learn to work together that we are in danger of overlooking the fact that they are co-operating more and more every year. There are few counties in which one cannot find some sort of co-operative organization among the farmers; and little groups of farmers here and there all over the country are working together and making just as little fuss about it as if it were the natural thing to do. As, indeed, it is.

Reference has been made time and again in this paper to the successful work of the lamb and wool clubs of middle Tennessee. On a recent visit to Goodlettsville I found the members of that, the pioneer club, after more than three decades of co-operation, quite confident of the future and on the alert to keep their organization right up to the minute as a business agency.

Today comes a little slip from the Mississippi A. & M. College telling how "fifteen just plain Mississippi farmers" got together "without any frills" and shipped a carload of "very ordinary hogs" to St. Louis, getting as high as ten cents a pound, live weight, for them. Co-operative selling should make it easy for these farmers to practice co-operative breeding to the extent of getting a few pure-bred sires so that they will not have to ship "ordinary" and "scrub" hogs next year.

The co-operative association that comes into existence through the efforts of the "plain" farmers themselves to meet a real need of theirs is the one that promises most; and there are more such organizations to-day than ever before.

Co-operation among farmers has become one of the realities.—Southern Agriculturist.

### White Diarrhoea a Menace to Chicks.

It is claimed that not less than 50 per cent of chickens hatched die of white diarrhoea and the loss from this disease is greater than the combined loss from all other diseases.

It is not difficult to distinguish between the white diarrhoea and non-infectious diarrhoea. The latter attacks older chicks and is not nearly so fatal. Incubator chicks are the

most susceptible and the disease usually appears within the first three days after they are hatched. At least 80 per cent of chickens affected die.

The treatment must be preventive. The cause must be removed and sanitation is practically the whole thing. The incubators and brooders should be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water in which a disinfectant has been added. They should then be further disinfected by fumigation with formaldehyde gas. For 36 hours after hatching, the chicks should receive no feed. An intestinal antiseptic may help to prevent infection. Dr. Kaupp has recommended for this purpose sulfocarbonate thirty grains, bichloride of mercury six grains, and citric acid three grains, dissolved in one gallon of water. This mixture should constitute their drinking water.

Experience has fully demonstrated that success in the poultry business is impossible without the exercise of eternal vigilance in sanitation.

There is more Calorrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a long time it was considered a hereditary local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Calorrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. H. J. Calorrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Take one-half a hundred dollars for any cure. It fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, etc.  
Take half a Family Pill for constipation.

### YEARS DEVELOPMENTS IN UNRULY MEXICO

January 10—Villa handily murders seventeen American mining men taken from a train at Santa Ysabel, Chihuahua.

January 13—Victoriano Huerta, former de facto president of Mexico, dies at El Paso, Tex.

January 15—Resolutions introduced in both Houses of Congress to send army into Mexico to protect Americans.

March 9—Villa raids Columbus, N. M., killing nineteen Americans.

March 10—Wilson orders Pershing to invade Mexico, with 5,000 men.

March 14—House adopts joint resolution empowering President to recruit the army to 120,000 men.

March 15—Pershing army enters Mexico.

March 29—Col. Dodd's command clashes with Villa troops at San Geronimo; sixty Mexicans killed, four United States soldiers wounded.

April 1—Tenth Cavalry under Col. Brown surprises Mexicans after all-night ride, kills thirty, near Aguas Calientes.

April 12—American detachment is ambushed in City of Parral.

April 12—Carranza informs Wilson it is unwise for American troops to remain longer in Mexico.

April 15—Gen. Obregon, Mexican Minister of War, announces Villa is dead and buried.

April 22—Col. Dodd and Seventh Cavalry, after all-night ride over mountains, engage in running fight with Villa bandits.

May 31—Carranza in sharp note demands immediate recall of Pershing expedition.

June 15—Mexicans raid San Ignacio, Tex., and kill three.

June 16—Carranza orders attack on Pershing men if they move east, west, or south. Mexicans called to arms in Juarez.

June 18—Wilson orders the whole National Guard to the Mexican border.

June 21—Small scouting party of Tenth Cavalry almost wiped out by Mexicans near Carrizal.

June 25—Wilson demands release of seventeen Americans captured at Carrizal.

June 28—Carranza orders release of American prisoners.

August 20—Fifteen thousand guardsmen ordered home from the border.

November 23—Villa starts siege of Chihuahua City.

November 24—American and Mexican Commissioners sign peace protocol at Atlantic City, N. J.

November 29—Villa captures Chihuahua City, but soon abandons it.

### The Habit of Taking Cold.

With many people taking cold is a habit, but fortunately one that is easily broken. Take a cold sponge bath every morning when you first get out of bed—not ice cold, but a temperature of about 90 degrees F. Also sleep with your window open. Do this and you will seldom take cold.

When you do take cold take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and get rid of it as quickly as possible. Obtainable everywhere.

White Diarrhoea a Menace to Chicks.

It is claimed that not less than 50 per cent of chickens hatched die of white diarrhoea and the loss from this disease is greater than the combined loss from all other diseases.

It is not difficult to distinguish between the white diarrhoea and non-infectious diarrhoea. The latter attacks older chicks and is not nearly so fatal. Incubator chicks are the

## It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill."

I wish every suffering woman would give

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a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

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J. T. VINSON & SON,

Beaver Dam, Ky.

### SOLDIERS BELIEVE 1917 WILL END WAR

BRITISH AND FRENCH CONVINCED THAT NEXT 12 MONTHS WILL BRING VICTORY.

With the British Army in France, Jan. 1 (via London).—The arrival of 1917 was welcomed on the west front by the British and French soldiers as a beginning of the end of the great world war. There may be varying views and theories as to how the end is to be brought about, but there is no question that throughout the British army there is a conviction that the next twelve months will bring a victorious peace to the Allies.

Opinion among British and French fighter us to how the war will end is divided into two schools. The one believes that Germany will be willing to grant extreme concessions and the other that only military pressure will bring them the fruits of victory. Both schools, however, are agreed that this is the decisive year.

On most sectors of the British front the new year made its bow with little ceremony. So many flares and rockets are sent up from the trenches on these long dark winter nights that it is impossible to say how many of these to-night were in honor of 1917. There is one section, however, where the British artillery follow the practice adopted last year of welcoming January 1 with salvos against their enemy from guns of all calibers, along this front everything from machine guns to the biggest of the heaviest joining in firing, first one round, then nine, then one, and finally six.

"We do not know whether the Germans recognized it or not, but we will try them again to-night," said an artillery Captain, as he started for a distant part of the line to give the necessary instructions. In sending this fiery greeting to the Germans there was a further complication of difference of time, the Germans observing continental time, which is one hour ahead of the British and French clocks. To avoid all doubt the British artillery fired signal salvos at both 11 o'clock and midnight.

Low black clouds scudded over the battle area this last night of the old year and its successor was born in a howling wind which caught up and carried away the thunder of the guns. The grim booming was swept far beyond the battle lines until it mingled with the church bells summoning the people to prayer in the far-bound villages of France.

#### Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of R. L. Taylor, deceased, are hereby notified to present same to me, properly proven, on or before February 1st, 1917, or they will be forever barred.

MILAS L. STEVENS,  
Administrator.

#### BEER GOES UP; BLOW TO HIT THE FREE LUNCH

The high cost of free lunch is the latest paradox of the situation created by the national prosperity.

Instead of going down, as connoisseurs might properly say it ought, here went up yesterday and to-morrowkeepers, upon whom the increase will fall, picked out the free lunch to lay the burden upon.

Where now is exposed an elaborate array of delicatessen specialties, provided so the beer may have something to wash down, in the near

future may be found only crackers and cheese, and where repose the crackers and cheese now, very soon there will be only a memory of which there was.

Forty cents higher is the wholesale price of common by the barrel and 30 cents that of lager. Bottled beer has escaped thus far. The barrel price now is \$7.40 for the lager and \$6.40 for the common.

Col. Charles P. Debler, secretary of the Central Consumers Company, pointed out yesterday that the increase was inevitable. All materials, he said, had increased in price, meat, for example, having jumped from 70 cents to \$1.40 a bushel in recent months.

Saloon keepers expressed the belief they would be obliged to stand the increase, seeking to eliminate the free lunch and in some instances reduce the size of the glass to meet the situation. Oysters are not threatened as a lagnappe, and brewers say no further jump in beer is likely. J. C. Boardman, president of the Hotel & Cafe Keepers' Association, may call a meeting shortly to consider the question.—*Courier-Journal*.

#### REPORT OF CONDITION OF TOWN OF HARTFORD

Hartford is steadily getting out of debt. The indebtedness of the city of Hartford for the year 1917 is as follows:

Bond Indebtedness sewer fund ..... \$12,600.00

Bank of Hartford, note ..... 2,500.00

Ky. Light & Power Co. ..... 600.00

J. H. Duke, note ..... 600.00

Total ..... \$16,300.00

Cash in City Treasurer's hands ..... \$ 60.00

Cash in Cemetery fund ..... 1,020.00

Cash in S. P. Com'r. hands ..... 2,370.00

Total ..... \$ 3,450.00

Recapitulation.

Bond and City Indebtedness ..... \$16,200.00

Cash on hands in different funds ..... 3,450.00

Bal. total indebtedness \$12,850.00

Total indebtedness three years ago, Jan. 1914, \$20,500.00

#### Returning to Older Things.

Scholars say that the tendency toward symbolism in painting and all the arts is but the swing of the pendulum. The world has grown old and weary and tired of its dry-as-dust philosophies and is going back to the times when all the peoples of the earth dreamed of great mysteries in little things; when the highest ritual of all religions was the dances in the hills which ended in strange stupors, and humanity first imagined the country of the gods.

#### Instinct and Reason.

The term "instinct" is supposed to refer to the intelligence which leads to the performance of actions that are adaptive in character, but, pursued without necessary knowledge of the relation between the means employed and the ends attained, while "reason" is supposed to be aware of such knowledge and to work accordingly.

#### Avoid Controversy.

Controversy never convinces any man; men can be influenced by making them think for themselves, by seeming to doubt with them or by leading them as if by the hand without their perceiving it. A good book lent to them, which they read at leisure, produces upon them surer effects because they do not then blush to be subjugated by the superior reason of an antagonist.

Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA

### CHEERS AND GROANS GREET GOV. STANLEY

#### DISCUSSES POSSIBILITY OF SPECIAL SESSION OF LEGISLATURE IN LOUISVILLE

Louisville, Ky., January 1.—Gov. Stanley discussed the possibility of a special session of the legislature to pass a new tax law at the New Year's reception of the board of trade to-day.

The Governor's address brought first cheers and then groans. The cheers came when his remarks indicated that a special session was likely; the groans came when he made it seem that he was not willing to "take a chance."

Cries of "take a chance, Governor," came from the representatives of Louisville business who were present.

The Governor began his address by discoursing on the wisdom of legislation for the benefit of the people generally. He said that legislation favorable to one class against another was ruinous to both in the end. If a law is beneficial to both city and country he is in favor of it; he said.

Continuing, he said:

"I realize that if the State can shake off this archaic and ill-conceived tax system (here there was tremendous cheering) the city of Louisville will rise like a disembodied city to a new ether."

The Governor then said that he had been impressed by the splendid work of the commission that had lately made its report, but that the people should remember that the Governor is the head of the executive branch of the government and cannot himself pass tax laws which are enacted by the legislative branch.

The Governor then came to the meat of his address in the following:

"When I am convinced, if I ever am, that the representatives of the people from the hundred districts of Kentucky will meet, talk business, pass an act and adjourn, I will be the happiest man in the world to call a special session, but until I am convinced of this I will not take a chance."

Groans that equaled the previous cheering followed this declaration. Cries of "Take a chance" went up. The sentiment of the meeting was all for a special session to enact a new tax law.

#### Parlor For Sale.

I desire to sell my farm of 75 acres, located on the Hartford and McHenry public road, 2 miles from McHenry, one mile from Hartford and Centerpoint Pike. Three good wells of water, plenty of fruit for family use, fairly good buildings, 20 acres in woodland, balance cleared of which 20 acres is bottom land. Will sell at a bargain. Change in occupation only reason for selling.

BEN L. DAVIS,  
24th Beaver Dam, Ky. 2.

#### PEARY'S AIDE TO SEEK NORTH POLE IN AIRPLANE

Washington, Dec. 30.—Arrangements for the American Polar expedition to be headed by Capt. Robert A. Bartlett, Peary's navigator on his dash to the North Pole, have progressed to a point where it is possible that the expedition, which is to be similar to another to be led by Capt. Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the South Pole, may get away next summer.

Rear Admiral Peary, who returned today from New York, where he

conferred with Amundsen and Bartlett, understands that \$200,000 has been subscribed privately to carry thru the expedition. Amundsen's expedition is being organized in Norway, and will cost about as much.

Both explorers will have new ships built expressly for their work. Amundsen's in Norway, Bartlett's on the Pacific coast. Both expeditions have the endorsement and encouragement of the National Geographic Society. Both will use airplanes, and have the native co-operation of the Aero Club of America in forming their equipment of airplanes and aviators.

Bartlett's American expedition will enter the polar ocean by way of the Bering Straits. Amundsen will enter by the route north of Norway and the Kara Sea.

**Penalty She Had to Pay.**

Irene's mother is a woman of advanced ideas. A few days ago when there came bad weather Irene went on to a neighbor's porch and looked through the inviting window where Reggie was comfortably engaged with his playthings. "Why don't you come in? I'm just having a dandy time with my Nose ark." "No," sobbed Irene, "I've got to stay outside and be healthy."

**Proper Light Important.**

Light is of first importance to the reader. In the daytime the light should come over the shoulder from the side or from the back, and the reader should sit in such a position that there will be no shadow on the book. However, if the reader sits in the full sun, the shadow of the shoulders on the pages of the book is a relief to the eyes, for bright sunlight on print is trying.

#### Star Photography.

Star photography is one of the most tedious operations known. In some cases the exposure of the plate must last for several hours. During all this time both the plate and telescope must be moved so that the image of the star will be stationary on the plate.

#### Good Advice About Oilcloth.

After washing oilcloth and linoleum, be sure to dry it properly. If left damp it will speedily rot and soon become totally ruined. It is a great mistake to use too much water for washing it. The cloth should be wrung out and passed lightly over the surface.

#### Wonderful Art.

The greatest of all human arts is that of being indiscreet discreetly.—Smart Set.

#### Contents Make a Difference.

If there is only one bottle of castor oil in the house, father is willing mother should have it all because it will do her good. But if there is only one bottle of beer in the house, father drinks it himself because it might not agree with mother.—Chicago Examiner.

#### Better Way.

It is often better not to see an insult than to avoid it.—Seneca.

#### To Avoid Wasting Feathers.

When emptying feathers from one pillow to another, sew the opening of one pillow to another and you will not waste feathers.

#### On the Mighty Nile.

Twelve thousand miles of navigable waterways are offered by the Nile and its tributaries.

#### From the Way They Act.

"Everybody has his faults," said Uncle Eben, "but some folks seems proud of 'em."

#### Where Brutes Have Advantage.

I envy the beasts two things—their ignorance of evil to come and their ignorance of what is said about them.—Darwin.

#### What Tommy Knew.

Tommy had a thirst for knowledge.

"Dad," he asked one day, "what's natural philosophy?"

"Natural philosophy, my boy," re-

### LATEST WAR NEWS

#### Monday.

**Romania.**—The Tentule niles, reinforced, are making progress in their drive, which apparently has as its object the effecting of a junction with their troops, moving north to Moldavia. Additional points have been taken from the Russians and Romanians on both sides of the Oltz Valley and in the Piatra and Solbo Valleys. Meanwhile Field Marshal Mackensen's army continues pushing north into the country from the mountains to the Danube. The eastern flank has thrown the Russians from the Braila bridgehead, and in Dobrudja the Teutonic line has been driven closer to Matchin, across the river from Braila.

**Greece.**—Advices from Athens say the French, British and Russian Ministers have signed a note demanding the reduction of the Greek forces, except in Peloponnesus, to a size necessary only for police duty, the release of political prisoners and apologies to the allied Ministers and flags.

#### Tuesday.

**To Peace.**—France and Great Britain have agreed upon the draft of a reply to President Wilson's note, which follows the lines of the Entente note to the Central Powers. President Wilson was in conference with Senator Stone yesterday, and it was announced that Administration leaders would sound the Senate as to the pre-holiday resolution endorsing the President's action in forwarding what is termed his peace note to all nations.

**Russia.**—The Russians and Romanians are being steadily driven back from Transylvanian Alps and lower Moldavian region. Around Braila, on both sides of the Danube, the invaders have farther driven in the defenders of the territory. In Dobrudja the Teutons, twenty-three battalions strong, have forced their enemy to give ground.

**Heaver Dam Department.**

Jan. 4.—Miss Genova Taylor left Monday to resume her studies at Bradley, Peoria, Ill.

Mr. Frank Barnes went to Owensboro last Sunday, returning Monday.

Miss Wimie Davis Simmerman, Hartford, and Mr. Ralph Davidson, Henderson, were the guests of Miss Ella McKinney Friday.

Mrs. J. V. Plummer and Miss Nell Plummer left for Louisville Thursday where they will reside.

Miss Myrtle Park and Mr. Leighton Park were the guests of Mrs. Geo. Branton several days last week.

The boys entertained with a party at the opera house Monday evening.

Mrs. Byron Barnes entertained the Soni Club Friday afternoon from two to five.

Miss Eva Gardner, Glendale, was the guest of Miss Myra Flener several days last week.

#### Daily Thought.

If you censure your friend for every fault he commits there will come a time when you will have no friend to censure.—Arabian Proverb.

A 160 acre farm 4 miles east of Hartford, on the border of the oil fields. Good dwelling, barn and other necessary outbuildings. Young orchard, strawberry bed and other pleasing features. If bonds carry inter-county seat will be near.

See or write Tinsley & Barnett, Hartford, Ky., for further particulars.